

1 Anonymous Authorization Resource

2 Access Entity Category

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19 Overview

20 All Identity Providers and Service Providers are invited to use the Anonymous Authorization
21 Resource Access Entity Category (RAEC) with their members to support the release of
22 attributes to Service Providers meeting the requirements described below.

23 The keywords “MUST”, “MUST NOT”, “REQUIRED”, “SHALL”, “SHALL NOT”, “SHOULD”,
24 “SHOULD NOT”, “RECOMMENDED”, “MAY”, and “OPTIONAL” in this document are to be
25 interpreted as described in RFC 2119 [RFC2119].

26 This definition is written in compliance with the Entity Category SAML Entity Metadata Attribute
27 Types specification [EntityCatTypes]; this specification may be extended to reference other
28 protocol-specific formulations as circumstances warrant.

29 1. Definition

30 Candidates for the Anonymous Authorization RAEC are Service Providers that grant service
31 access based on proof of successful authentication, which make authorization decisions based
32 on *affiliation* and *entitlement*, and which do not require any user attributes. These service
33 providers do not qualify for the REFEDS Research and Scholarship Entity Category [R&S].

34 Example Service Providers may include (but are not limited to) services such as licensed e-
35 resource providers, retailers, vendors, platform providers, services providing access to research
36 data sets, and collaborative tools and services such as wikis, project, and grant management
37 tools that require enough information to make authorization decisions based on affiliation and
38 entitlements.

39 For the purposes of this document, a *user attribute* is an attribute that reveals or may reveal a
40 person’s identity, personal characteristics, contact information, or affiliation/role/access
41 authorization

42 For the purposes of this document, *affiliation* refers to the organizational association between
43 the user and their home institution, by means of employment, membership, enrollment in an
44 educational program, etc. *Entitlement* means the right of the user to access a given resource at
45 the Service Provider by meeting a set of criteria that have been agreed between a given IdP
46 and a given SP, for example by means of, but not limited to, a contractual arrangement.
47 Entitlements are typically evaluated by mapping a set of user attributes against the terms of the
48 agreement. In the federated authentication context, entitlements may be evaluated on the IdP
49 side, in which case the IdP performs the attribute mapping and asserts the result by passing an
50 agreed entitlement attribute with an agreed value to the SP, or they may be evaluated on the SP
51 side, in which case it is necessary for the IdP to pass all necessary attributes for evaluation of
52 the entitlement to the SP during the authentication transaction.

53 N.B. This specification relates only to personal data passed between the IdP and the SP and
54 does not relate to personal data requested directly from the end-user or their browser,
55 potentially via a consent flow.

56 N.B. This specification details the default configuration and does not restrict additional entity
57 categories or attributes to be requested or exchanged as a result of bilateral arrangements

58 2. Syntax

59 The following URI is used as the attribute value for the Entity Category and Entity Category
60 Support attribute:

61 `https://example.org/category/anonymous-authorization`

62 3. Semantics

63 By asserting that it is a member of this Entity Category, a Service Provider claims that it will not
64 use attributes for purposes that fall outside of the service definition as defined in the agreement,
65 presented to its users, and referred to in metadata.

66 Identity Providers may indicate support for Service Providers in this category by asserting the
67 Entity Category Support Attribute with the above value; self-assertion is the typical approach
68 used.

69 By asserting this attribute, Identity Providers are indicating that they will release attributes to
70 Service Providers which also assert this category as outlined in the “Service Provider
71 Requirements” section below either by default, or only for Service Providers they have an
72 agreement with. They may need to consult with other departments within their organization to
73 verify the relationship with the Service Provider.

74 4. Attribute Bundle

75 The mechanism by which this entity category provides for consistent attribute release is through
76 the definition of a set of commonly supported and consumed attributes typically required for the
77 effective use of online services that need the affiliation and entitlement of the user to be verified.
78 The attributes chosen represent a privacy baseline such that further minimization achieves no
79 particular benefit. Thus, the minimal disclosure principle is already designed into the category.

80 The use of the <md:RequestedAttribute> mechanism supported by SAML metadata is outside
81 the scope of this category and may co-exist with it in deployments as desired, subject to this
82 specification’s requirements being met.

83 The *Anonymous Authorization attribute bundle* consists (abstractly) of the following data
 84 elements:

85 *Required:*

- 86 • *Organization*
- 87 • *Entitlement data*

88 *Optional:*

- 89 • *Affiliation type (for reporting purposes)*
- 90 • *Metrics code (for reporting purposes)*

91 Where *Organization* SHOULD be one of the following, in order of preference:

Preference order	Attribute	Example values	Comments
1	eduPersonScopedAffiliation	member@example.org	Organization is indicated by the right-hand side of eduPersonScopedAffiliation. This right-hand side syntax of eduPersonScopedAffiliation intentionally matches that used for the right-hand side values for eduPersonPrincipalName. The "scope" portion MUST be the administrative domain to which the affiliation applies.
2	eduPersonOrgDN	ou=Potions,o=Hogwarts,dc=hsww,dc=wiz	The distinguished name (DN) of the directory entry representing the institution with which the person is associated.
3	schacHomeOrganization	example.edu	Specifies a person's home organization using the domain name of the organization. Issuers of schacHomeOrganization attribute values via SAML are strongly encouraged to publish matching shibmd:Scope elements as part of their IDP's SAML metadata.

93 Note that the Organization concept explicitly indicates the affiliation of the user independently of
 94 the IdP entity ID. With the use of a hub or consortia-based IdP, IdP entity ID does not
 95 necessarily represent the organization of the user.

96 Where *entitlement data* SHOULD be one of the following, in order of preference:

Preference order	Attribute	Example values	Comments
1	eduPersonEntitlement	urn:mace:dir:entitlement:common-lib-terms	Applies when service entitlement is evaluated on the IdP side
2	isMemberOf	https://fed.example.org/sig-mobile-wg	Applies when the SP uses group membership/affiliation to determine service entitlement
3	memberOf	XBLU-RXS-BL	Applies when the SP uses group membership/affiliation to determine service entitlement

97

98 Note: The IdP SHOULD take care to return only entitlement data which is relevant to the
 99 specific SP to avoid the potential for deanonymization.

100 Where *affiliation type* SHOULD be:

Preference order	Attribute	Example values	Comments
1	eduPersonScopedAffiliation	member@example.org	<p>Affiliation type is indicated by the left-hand side of eduPersonScopedAffiliation</p> <p>The left component is one of the values from the eduPersonAffiliation controlled vocabulary, which specifies the person's relationship(s) to the institution in broad categories</p>

101

102 And where *metrics code* SHOULD be a mutually agreed attribute and value to allow for granular
 103 usage reporting, cost reallocation, targeted invoicing, etc., between an SP and IdP.

104 "Order of preference" in the above tables refers both to the choice the IdP SHOULD make about
105 which attributes to release in case they have multiple available to choose from, and to the order
106 in which the SP SHOULD use the attributes in case they receive multiple from the IdP.

107 Many of the above attributes are defined or referenced in the [eduPerson] specification or in the
108 [SCHAC] specification. The specific naming and format of these attributes are guided by the
109 protocol in use. For SAML 2.0 the [SAMLInt] profile MUST be used. This specification may be
110 extended to reference other protocol-specific formulations as circumstances warrant.

111 5. Service Provider Requirements

112 Service Providers SHOULD limit their data requirements to the bundle of attributes defined in
113 Section 4, but MAY negotiate on a bilateral basis for additional data with specific IdPs as
114 required via mechanisms that are outside the scope of this specification.

115 Service Providers MUST commit to following the principles of the GEANT Data Protection Code
116 of Conduct, and when supported by their federation assert this in metadata [DPCoCo].

117 The service provider MUST NOT assert the Authentication Only RAEC, Pseudonymous
118 Authorization RAEC, or Research and Scholarship attribute release bundle entity categories if it
119 asserts this entity category, and the SP MUST NOT request any of the attributes described in
120 those entity categories from the IdP through other mechanisms unless bilateral arrangements
121 are in place [AuthNRAEC] [PseudRAEC].

122 A Service Provider that conforms to Anonymous Authorization would exhibit the following entity
123 attribute in SAML metadata:

124 **An entity attribute for SPs that conform to Anonymous Authorization:**

```
<mdattr:EntityAttributes
xmlns:mdattr="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:metadata:attribute">
  <saml:Attribute
    xmlns:saml="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:assertion"
    NameFormat="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:attrname-format:uri"
    Name="http://macedir.org/entity-category">
    <saml:AttributeValue>http://refeds.org/category/anonymous-
authorization</saml:AttributeValue>
  </saml:Attribute>
</mdattr:EntityAttributes>
```

125 6. Identity Provider Requirements

126 By asserting this attribute, Identity Providers are indicating that they are able to support this
127 entity category. They MAY release the attribute bundle defined in 4 to all Service Providers
128 which assert this category by default, or only for Service Providers which assert the entity
129 category and with which they have an agreement.

130 **An entity attribute for IdPs that support the Anonymous Authorization Entity Category:**

```
<mdattr:EntityAttributes
  xmlns:mdattr="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:metadata:attribute">
  <saml:Attribute
    xmlns:saml="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:assertion"
    NameFormat="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:attrname-format:uri"
    Name="http://macedir.org/entity-category-support">
    <saml:AttributeValue>
      http://example.org/category/anonymous-authorization
    </saml:AttributeValue>
  </saml:Attribute>
</mdattr:EntityAttributes>
```

131

132 7. References

133 [AuthNRAEC] "Authentication Only Entity Category" - citation TBD

134 [PseudRAEC] "Pseudonymous Authorization Entity Category" - citation TBD

135 [R&S] "Research and Scholarship Entity Category," REFEDS,

136 <https://refeds.org/category/research-and-scholarship>.

137 [eduPerson] "eduPerson," REFEDS, <https://refeds.org/eduperson>.

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141 Assertion Markup Language (SAML) Attribute Types", RFC 8409, DOI 10.17487/RFC8409,

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145

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149 2019, [https://docs.oasis-open.org/security/saml-subject-id-attr/v1.0/cs01/saml-subject-id-attr-
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150 v1.0-cs01.html).

151 [SCHAC] "Schema for ACademia," REFEDS, <https://wiki.refeds.org/display/STAN/SCHAC>.

152

153

154 Annex 1 - Implementation Guidance

155 Relationship to other Resource Access Entity Categories

156 For Service Providers

157 By asserting participation in a Resource Access Entity Category, a service provider (SP) is
158 signaling to identity providers its minimally acceptable (required?) user attribute bundle to
159 successfully grant the user access. Particularly when publishing the SP's SAML metadata in a
160 federation, each unique SP SAML entity SHOULD assert at most one Resource Access Entity
161 Category. For example, an SP entity asserting Authentication Only category SHOULD NOT
162 simultaneously assert the Pseudonymous Authorization category. Doing so sends conflicting
163 messages.

164

165 If a service needs to accommodate different resource access schemes due to contractual
166 differences, the configuration SHOULD be handled in one of the following ways:

167

- 168 a. Express the difference in a separate entity metadata with a different entity ID;
- 169 b. Negotiate and configure the attribute release agreement bi-laterally, outside the scope of
170 the Resource Access Entity Categories.

171 For Identity Providers

172 An Identity Provider (IdP) SHOULD simultaneously support all Resource Access entity
173 categories.

174

175 Identity Provider Configuration

176 To properly support the Anonymous Authorization Resource Access category, in addition to
177 releasing those attributes permitted by the Anonymous Authorization category, an Identity
178 Provider (IdP) must take care to block any user attribute not permitted by the Anonymous
179 Authorization category from being released to an SP asserting this category unless bilateral
180 arrangements are in place.

181

182 *A user attribute* is an attribute that reveals or may reveal a person's identity, personal
183 characteristics, contact information, or affiliation/role/access authorization.

184

185 All of the attributes permitted in the Anonymous Authorization category are multi-valued
186 attributes. When configuring release, an IdP SHOULD only release values applicable to the SP
187 the user is accessing. Further, configuring authorization attribute release may require an

188 underlying agreement between the IdP organization and the SP organization. To accommodate
189 these nuances, an IdP may adopt one of the following configuration strategies:

- 190
- 191 a. Prepare SP-specific attribute release rules, using the Anonymous Authorization category
192 as a template.
 - 193 b. Create a release rule for the Anonymous Authorization category; use a regular
194 expression within the rule to filter values by SP.
- 195

196 The following example illustrates a possible Anonymous Authorization category template for the
197 Shibboleth Identity Provider's attribute filter policy (attribute-filter.xml). This template permits the
198 release of attributes defined in this category to the named SP entity while explicitly blocks user
199 identifiers from being released:

```
200 <AttributeFilterPolicy id="refedsAnonymousAuthorizationCategoryTemplate">
201   <PolicyRequirementRule xsi:type="Requester"
202     value="https://sp.example.org"/>
203
204   <!-- In this example, the IdP by default releases ePPN and ePTID.
205        This configuration overrides those defaults and blocks
206        their release. -->
207
208   <AttributeRule attributeID="eduPersonPrincipalName">
209     <DenyValueRule xsi:type="ANY"/>
210   </AttributeRule>
211   <AttributeRule attributeID="eduPersonTargetedID">
212     <DenyValueRule xsi:type="ANY"/>
213   </AttributeRule>
214   <!-- Release attributes defined in the Anonymous Authorization
215        category -->
216   <AttributeRule attributeID="eduPersonScopedAffiliation">
217     <PermitValueRule xsi:type="ANY"/>
218   </AttributeRule>
219   <AttributeRule attributeID="eduPersonOrgDN">
220     <PermitValueRule xsi:type="ANY"/>
221   </AttributeRule>
222
223   <!-- Release entitlement values defined by MACE-DIR as well as those
224        specific to example.org's demo service -->
225   <AttributeRule attributeID="eduPersonEntitlement">
226     <PermitValueRule xsi:type="OR">
227       <Rule xsi:type="ValueRegex"
228         regex="^urn:mace:example.org:demoservice:.*$" />
```

```
229         <Rule xsi:type="ValueRegex"
230             regex="^urn:mace:dir:entitlement:.*$" />
231     </PermitValueRule>
232 </AttributeRule>
233 </AttributeFilterPolicy>
234
```